Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 31 January 2014



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: JOHNSTONES TRADE Satin Finish
Product code	: 00301751
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Consumer applications, Professional applications.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Architectural Coatings UK Ltd Huddersfield Road Birstall, West Yorkshire WF179XA United Kingdom +44 (0) 1924 354000 Fax: +44 (0) 1924 354533

- e-mail address of person : regulatoryaffairs@ppg.com responsible for this SDS
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number :

+44 (0) 1924 354000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10

Physical/chemical hazards : Flammable.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/201	0 -
Jnited Kingdom (UK)	

Code : 00301751 IOHNSTONES TRADE Satir	ו Fin	Date of issue/Date of revision : 31 January 2014 ish
SECTION 2: Hazard	s ic	lentification
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container o label at hand.
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking.
Response	:	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	:	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

<u>Special packaging requirements</u>				
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant	1	Not applicable.		
fastenings				
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.		

2.3 Other hazards

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture				
			Clas	ssification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy : Nota(s) P	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	>=10 - <20	R10 Xn; R65 R66	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC: 265-149-8 CAS: 64742-47-8 Index: 649-422-00-2	<10	Xn; R65	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	REACH #: 01-2119457736-27 EC: 927-632-8 CAS: 64742-47-8 Index: 649-422-00-2	<10	Xn; R65 R66	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy : Nota(s) P	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 CAS: 64742-48-9	<10	Xn; R65 R66	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
English (GB)		United	d Kingdom (UK)		2/14

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Code : 0030 ⁷ JOHNSTONES TRAD		Date o	f issue/Date of revision	: 31 January 201	14	
SECTION 3: Co	SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
2-butanone oxime	Index: 649-327-00-6 REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	>=0.1 - <1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

English (CB)	United Kingdom (UK)	2/4 4
	dryness cracking	
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation 	
	•	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Eye contact	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Potential acute health ef	fects	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

English (GB)

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JOHNSTONES TRADE Satin F	inish
SECTION 4: First aid	measures
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefight	ing measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Mammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire- fighters	: Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accident	tal release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

- **For emergency responders** : Fispecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- **6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	4/14

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures				
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				

0.5 Methous and materials	for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Storage temperature: 5 to 25°C (41 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational	exposure	limits
Occupational	CAPUSUIC	IIIII

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

DNELs - Not available.

PNECs

PNECs - Not available.

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	6/14
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical preating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working p Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaming Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash states after the showers are close to the workstation location.	eriod. nated clothing.
Individual protection measur	29	
8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exh ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to air contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engine also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	rborne ering controls
9.2 Expedito controlo		

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection			

Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		Recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Colour	: Various	
Odour	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 145°C	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 48°C	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Material supports combustion.	: Yes.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or	: Lower: 0.66%	
explosive limits	Upper: 5.82%	

English (GB)

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.1 to 0.3 kPa (0.8 to 2.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy). Weighted average: 0.12 kPa (0.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light). Weighted average: 4.5 (Air = 1)
Relative density	1	1.38
Solubility(ies)	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredient	s.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	 When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. 	
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy : Nota(s) P	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy : Nota(s) P	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat Rat	>6 g/kg 8500 mg/m³	- 4 hours
English (GB)	United K	(ingdom (UK)	-	8

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ECTION 11: Toxic	ological inforn	nation		
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>6 g/kg 930 mg/kg	
Conclusion/Summary Acute toxicity estimates	: Not available.			
	Route		ATE v	alue
Not available.				
rritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Sensitiser				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
<u>Feratogenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (single exposure</u>	<u>e)</u>		
Not available.				

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/i	ngredient name	Result	
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy : Nota(s) P Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy : Nota(s) P		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or c	ritical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or c	ritical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause	skin dryness and irritation.	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or c	ritical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	ysical, chemical and toxicological	<u>characteristics</u>	
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking		
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effe	Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure		
Short term exposure			
English (GB)	United Kingo	lom (UK) 9/	

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	••••••••	
Potential immediate effects	lot available	
Potential delayed effects	lot available	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	lot available	
Potential delayed effects	lot available	
Potential chronic health effe		
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	lot available	
General	rolonged or r dermatitis.	repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/
Carcinogenicity	lo known sig	nificant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	lo known sig	nificant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	lo known sig	nificant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	lo known sig	nificant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	lo known sig	nificant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	lot available	

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
2-butanone oxime	Acute LC50 843000 to 914000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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English (GB)
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	-	Readily
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Sistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	159	low
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	159	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods Product Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Hazardous waste : Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 04	metallic packaging
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma container. I thoroughly i	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product ay create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with ays, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: This class 3 material can be considered non hazardous in packagings up to 450 L. Exempted according to 2.2.3.1.5 (Viscous substance exemption)
Tunnel code	: (D/E)
ADN	: This class 3 material can be considered non hazardous in packagings up to 450 L. Exempted according to 2.3.2.5 (Viscous substance exemption) The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
IMDG	Fhis class 3 material can be considered non hazardous in packagings up to 30 L. Exempted according to 2.3.2.5 (Viscous substance exemption)
IATA	: None identified.
Special precaut	ions for user : Transport within user's premises : always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

English (GB)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 -**United Kingdom (UK)**

Code :	00301751	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 31 January 2014
JOHNSTONES	S TRADE Satin Finish		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
<u> Other EU regulations</u>			
<u>Other EU regulations</u> VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	300g/l (2010.)	or trim and cladding pains a maximum of 300	ietal. EU limit values:
VOC for Ready-for-Use	300g/l (2010.)	01	retal. EU limit values:

1 5.2	Chemical	Safety
Aced	eemont	

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

ssessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 31 January 2014		
History	24 January 2014		
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]	: Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinoger Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant	n category 3	
Full text of abbreviated R phrases	R41- Risk of serious dam R43- May cause sensitis	with skin. e lung damage if swallowed. nage to eyes.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4, H312 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Categor FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	ory 1
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H312 Harmful in cont	swallowed and enters airways. act with skin. allergic skin reaction. eye damage.	
Abbreviations and acronyms		belling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. ct Level becific Hazard statement fect Concentration	

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SECTION 16: Other information			
Date of previous issue	: 8 December 201	3	
Prepared by	: EHS		

Version

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