

SAFETY DATA SHEET

WEATHERSHIELD SMOOTH MASONRY PAINT

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	: VEATHERSHIELD SMOOTH MASONRY PAINT		
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
	-		
Product use	: Waterborne coating for exterior use.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet		
	ICI Paints AkzoNobel,		
	Wexham Road,		
	Slough,		
	Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K.		
	Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70		
	www.duluxtrade.co.uk		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com		
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	umber		
Telephone number	: Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000		
Version	: 14.06		
Date of previous issue	: 08/27/2020		
SECTION 2: Hazards	s identification		
2.1 Classification of the sub	stance or mixture		
Product definition	: Mixture		
	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]		
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412			
The product is classified as l	nazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.		
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	: 0%		
Ingredients of unknown	: 0%		

ecotoxicity See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	: P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 Contains C(M)IT/MIT(3:1), 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one and 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	

Other hazards which do	: None known.
not result in classification	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
bronopol (INN)	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0,1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10)	[1]
terbutryn	EC: 212-950-5 CAS: 886-50-0 Index: self classification	≤0,022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	[1]
pyrithione zinc	EC: 236-671-3 CAS: 13463-41-7	≤0,078	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
octhilinone (ISO)	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	≤0,012	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0,05	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	igredients	
C(M)IT/MIT(3:1)	REACH #:	≤0,0012	Acute Tox. 3, H301	[1]
	01-2120764691-48		Acute Tox. 2, H310	
	CAS: 55965-84-9		Acute Tox. 2, H330	
	Index:		Skin Corr. 1C, H314	
	613-167-00-5		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
			Skin Sens. 1A, H317	
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #:	≤0,1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
	01-2119475104-44	<u></u>	Lye III. 2, 11313	[.][-]
	EC: 203-961-6			
	CAS: 112-34-5			
	Index:			
	603-096-00-8			
methanol	EC: 200-659-6	<0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	CAS: 67-56-1		Acute Tox. 3, H301	
	Index:		Acute Tox. 3, H311	
	603-001-00-X		Acute Tox. 3, H331	
			STOT SE 1, H370	
vinyl acetate	REACH #:	≤0,1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	01-2119539477-28		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
	EC: 203-545-4		Carc. 2, H351	
	CAS: 108-05-4 Index:		STOT SE 3, H335	
	607-023-00-0			
	007-023-00-0		See Section 16 for	
			the full text of the H	
			statements declared	
			above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

handling	Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredie	nt name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 67,5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 101,2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
methanol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
		through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 266 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
vinyl acetate		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 35,2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 17,6 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or of the ventilatic protective equi the following: I the assessmer limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atr for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such a European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance fo at of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs No DNELs/DMELs available	9.	
PNECs		
No PNECs available		
2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	achieved by the these are not s	ate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be e use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
ndividual protection measu	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate teo Wash contamin	orearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befo g and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eye	wear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection		
Hand protection		
Gloves	class of 6 (brea Recommended When only brie (breakthrough Recommended	ed or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection akthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended a gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. ef contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. a gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the gloves

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)
	The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.
	Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.
	Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead. OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the

Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

Environmental exposure	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
controls	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Explosive properties	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 5,44 cm ² /s	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Relative density	: 1,289	
Vapour density	: Not available.	
Vapour pressure	: Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Not applicable.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 100°C	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
pH	Not available.	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
Odour	: Not available.	
Colour	: Various: See label.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
<u>Appearance</u>		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- Oxidising properties : Not available.
- 9.2. Other information Solubility in water
- : Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, C(M)IT/MIT(3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
terbutryn	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>8 g/m³	4 hours
methanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	3556 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Hamster	8555 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	10765 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	1826 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	7529 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	4710 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	8907 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	2131 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Dog	7500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Monkey	7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Monkey	7000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	5800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Pig	>5000 mg/kg	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

ECTION 11: TOXICO	logical information			
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	14200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	9800 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Dermal	Monkey	393 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Cat	4641 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Dog	7500 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	428 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	143 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Man - Male	14 mL/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Man - Male	6422 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Monkey	5000 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Mouse	420 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rabbit	7500 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Woman -	10 mL/kg	-
		Female	· · ·	
	LDLo Parenteral	Frog	59 g/kg	-
	LDLo Route of exposure	Man - Male	868 mg/kg	-
	unreported			
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3490 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	0,43 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	1,14 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	1,4 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	3429 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	3571 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	9450 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	8 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	8 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Woman -	4 g/kg	-
		Female		
	TDLo Subcutaneous	Rat	6825 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary				

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 milligrams	-
terbutryn	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	76 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	380	-
				milligrams	
octhilinone (ISO)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5	-
				Percent	
C(M)IT/MIT(3:1)	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 Percent	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	

Conclusion/Summary

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	1	Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>(</u>	single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol (INN)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0,02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus	96 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 1,6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11,17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1,94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
terbutryn	Acute EC50 1,4 to 2,66 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute IC50 0,0036 mg/l	Algae - (Selenastrum	72 hours
		capricornutum	
	Acute LC50 1,3 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis Macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1,1 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
pyrithione zinc	Acute EC50 0,51 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira	96 hours
		pseudonana	
	Acute EC50 8,25 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2,68 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0,36 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.7 mph Freeh water	pseudonana	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2,7 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
octhilinone (ISO)	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8,5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,4 mg/l	Daphnia - Pseudomonas putia	16 hours
	Acute IC50 0,067 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1,3 mg/l	Fish - Ochorhyncus mykiss	96 hours
methanol	Acute EC50 16,912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Acute EC50 24500000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Larvae	
	Acute EC50 22200 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia obtusa - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 12835 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12700000 μg/l Fresh water		96 hours
	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15,32 g/L Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus - Adult	96 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 71 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Heterosigma akashiwo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1400 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 410 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 24 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Eutreptiella sp.	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9,96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
vinyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bronopol (INN)	0,18	-	low
terbutryn	3,74	-	low
pyrithione zinc	0,9	11	low
octhilinone (ISO)	2,45	-	low
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
methanol	-0,77	<10	low
vinyl acetate	0,73	3,16	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.
vPvB	: Not applicable.
	vP: Not available. vB: Not available.
12.6 Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.	
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.	
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority. 	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 	
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards		
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Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

Marine pollutant	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.	
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
HI/Kemler number	Not available.		
Emergency schedules (EmS)		Not applicable.	
14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code			
Additional information	-	-	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC for Ready-for-Use : Not applicable. Mixture

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

: 1

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

	mormation	
Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H322 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Carc. 2, H351 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H335		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
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Notice to reader		

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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