

SAFETY DATA SHEET

WOOD PRESERVER

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	: WOOD PRESERVER
1.2. Relevant identified u	ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Waterborne preserver.
1.3. Details of the supplie	r of the safety data sheet
	ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K. Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 71 71 www.cuprinol.co.uk
e-mail address of perso responsible for this SDS	
1.4 Emergency telephone	number
Telephone number	: Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000
Version Date of previous issue	: 2.02 • 13-1-2020

CTION 2. Hazarde identification

SECTION 2: Hazards	s id	entification
2.1 Classification of the subs	stan	ce or mixture
Product definition	:	Mixture
	Reg	gulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
The product is classified as h	naza	rdous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	-	0%
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	1	0%
See Section 16 for the full te	xt of	the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more deta	ailec	l information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements		
Signal word	1	No signal word.
Hazard statements	1	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	1	P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	1	Contains IPBC and propiconazole (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles		Not applicable.
Special packaging requirer	<u>men</u>	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings		Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Voluntary label element (CEPE)	:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475527-28 EC: 225-878-4 CAS: 5131-66-8 Index: 603-052-00-8	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
propiconazole (ISO)	EC: 262-104-4 CAS: 60207-90-1 Index: 613-205-00-0	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0,3	Not classified.	[2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains IPBC, propiconazole (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1 Extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray. Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazards from the : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may substance or mixture cause a health hazard. Hazardous combustion : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, products carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. 5.3 Advice for firefighters Special protective actions : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to for fire-fighters drains or watercourses. **Special protective** : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required. equipment for fire-fighters

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

	7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specifi	ic end use(s)	
Recomm	endations	

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: Not available.
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Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredie	ntı	name	Exposure limit values
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol			EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equilation the following: the assessment limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atti for the measure		atmosphere or b of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessment limit values and atmospheres - C of exposure to c (Workplace atm for the measure documents for m	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as suropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for c of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 hospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance nethods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs			
No DNELs/DMELs available	Э.		
PNECs No PNECs available			
8.2 Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	:	achieved by the these are not su	te ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If ifficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent he OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measu	ires	<u>i</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smoking Appropriate tech Wash contamin	rearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u> Hand protection	:	Use safety eyev	vear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Gloves	:	class of 6 (breal recommended.	d or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection kthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class preakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is
		use in a workpla as, but not limite (cut/puncture pr	election of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of ace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such ed to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements rotection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove
		product is the m	check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this nost appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of d in the user's risk assessment.
		Gloves should b material.	be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove
		Always ensure t used correctly.	that the gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	The controls/personal protection
Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)
	The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.
	Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.
	Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead. OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

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Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

Environmental exposure	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
controls	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties **Appearance Physical state** : Liquid. : Various: See label. Colour Odour : Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН : 7 Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling : 100°C range : Not applicable. Flash point **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Upper/lower flammability or : Not available. explosive limits Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density : Not available. : 1,004 **Relative density** Solubility(ies) : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available. water Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 0,02 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): 0,02 cm²/s **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available. Date of issue/Date of revision : 13-1-2020

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2. Other information Solubility in water

: Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability a	and reactivity
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10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: :	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains IPBC, propiconazole (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2700 mg/kg	-
IPBC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	93333,3 ppm 400 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			mingrams	
<u>Sensitisation</u>					

Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Mutagenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	1	Not available.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Specific target organ toxic	ity (s	<u>single exposure)</u>

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
IPBC	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
IPBC	Acute EC50 0,022 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
propiconazole (ISO)	Acute IC50 0,76 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 6,8 mg/l	Fish - Cyprinus Caprio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2,6 mg/l	Fish - Leistomus xanthurus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6,4 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis Macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5,3 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic EC50 0,51 mg/l	Daphnia - Mysidopsis bahia	48 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	1	13-1-2020
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
IPBC	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
3-butoxypropan-2-ol IPBC propiconazole (ISO) (2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	1,2 2,81 3,72 0,004	- - - -	low low low low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
PBT	: Not applicable.	
	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.	

vPvB : Not applicable.

vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product			
Methods of disposal	E v a r d	Disposal of this produ with the requirements and any regional loca recyclable products v	ste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. uct, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply s of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation al authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- ria a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be d to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of isdiction.
Hazardous waste	: T	The classification of t	he product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	С 1 с	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.	
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	р	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	ti E C	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 	
Type of packaging			European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01	10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
		40.4.0000	Da waa 44/44

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards Marine pollutant	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.
14.6 Special precautions for user		
HI/Kemler number Emergency schedules (EmS)	Not available.	Not applicable.
14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
Additional information	-	-

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

U	
	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907	<u>7/2006 (REACH)</u>
	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
	e listed, or the component present is below its threshold.
Substances of very high o	
•	e listed, or the component present is below its threshold.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture,	: Not applicable.
placing on the market	
and use of certain	
dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the
	product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use	: Not applicable.
Mixture	
Ozone depleting substance	e <u>s (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (PI	<u>C) (649/2012/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Seveso Directive	
This product is not controlled	I under the Seveso Directive.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convention	on List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol (Annexes	A, B, C, E)
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on P	ersistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
	view Informed Concert (DIC)
Rotterdam Convention on P Not listed.	rior informed Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
15.2 Chemical safety	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
assessment	
SECTION 16: Other ir	nformation
CEPE code	: 1
Indicates information that has a second s	as changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SECTION 16: Other information

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
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