## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

Product code : 00325105

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Consumer applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Architectural Coatings UK Ltd Huddersfield Road Birstall, West Yorkshire WF179XA United Kingdom +44 (0) 1924 354000 Fax: +44 (0) 1924 354533

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: regulatoryaffairs@ppg.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** +44 (0) 1924 354000

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : F; R11

Physical/chemical hazards: Highly flammable.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol or symbols



Indication of danger : Highly flammable

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 1/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Risk phrases : R11- Highly flammable.

Safety phrases : S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Hazardous ingredients : Not applicable.

elements

Supplemental label : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

|                         |  |              | Class   |   |         |
|-------------------------|--|--------------|---|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers  | %            | 67/548/EEC  | Regulation (EC) No.<br>1272/2008 [CLP]  | Туре    |
| xylene                  | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 215-535-7<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>Index: 601-022-00-9 | >=5 -<br><10 | R10<br>Xn; R20/21<br>Xi; R38  | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | [1] [2] |
| n-butyl acetate         | REACH #:<br>01-2119485493-29<br>EC: 204-658-1<br>CAS: 123-86-4<br>Index: 607-025-00-1  | <15          | R10<br>R66, R67   | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>(Narcotic effects)                           | [1] [2] |
| ethyl acetate           | REACH #:<br>01-2119475103-46<br>EC: 205-500-4<br>CAS: 141-78-6<br>Index: 607-022-00-5  | >=5 -<br><10 | F; R11<br>Xi; R36<br>R66, R67   | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>(Narcotic effects)     | [1] [2] |
| ethylbenzene            | EC: 202-849-4<br>CAS: 100-41-4<br>Index: 601-023-00-4                                  | >=1 -<br><3  | F; R11<br>Xn; R20   | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332  | [1] [2] |
|                         |  |              | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the R-<br>phrases declared<br>above. | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.                  |         |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK) | 2/13 |
|--------------|---------------------|------|
|--------------|---------------------|------|

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water

for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : May cause eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 3/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

fighters

Special precautions for fire- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 4/13 Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Storage temperature: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.
Industrial sector specific : Not available.
solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values                                   |       |
|-------------------------|---|-------|
| xylene                  | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorber | orbed |
|                         | STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                             |       |
|                         | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                               |       |
|                         | TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                     |       |
|                         | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                    |       |
| n-butyl acetate         | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).          |       |
|                         | STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.                             |       |
|                         | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.                               |       |
| English (GB)            | United Kingdom (UK)                                     | 5/13  |

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

ethyl acetate EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

ethylbenzene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed

through skin.

STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**Product/ingredient name** 

Recommended monitoring procedures

#### **Exposure limit values**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs**

DNELs - Not available.

#### **PNECs**

PNECs - Not available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Safety glasses with side shields.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, PVC, Viton®

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 6/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling : >37.78°C

range

Flash point : Closed cup: 7°C Evaporation rate : Not available.

Material supports combustion. : Yes.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: 1.27%

Upper: 6.85%

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 10.9 kPa (81.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethyl acetate).

Weighted average: 3.76 kPa (28.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 4 (Air = 1) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.59 (Air

= 1)

Relative density : 1.6

**Solubility(ies)** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

**Viscosity** : 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 7/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, 10.6 Hazardous

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

decomposition products

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat     | 6670 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 5000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >1.7 g/kg    | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg     | -        |
| n-butyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Gas.   | Rat     | 6867 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 2000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 10.768 g/kg  | -        |
| ethyl acetate           | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg      | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 5620 mg/kg   | -        |
| titanium dioxide        | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | >10 g/kg     | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 4000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal            | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg    | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg     | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 8/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

Eye contact : May cause eye irritation.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Eye contact: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not

effects

Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not a

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 9/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------|
| xylene                  | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water               | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio        | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water               | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate         | Acute LC50 32000 μg/l Marine water              | Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii  | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l                           | Fish - Danio rerio                      | 96 hours |
| ethyl acetate           | Acute EC50 1800000 to 3200000 μg/l Fresh water  | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water             | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water             | Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus         | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water              | Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata             | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 212500 to 225420 µg/l<br>Fresh water | Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis          | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water                | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water                | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 µg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate    | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 40000 μg/l Marine water              | Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea    | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water                | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC <1000 μg/l Fresh water             | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 6800 µg/l Fresh water              | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 3300 µg/l Marine water             | Fish - Menidia menidia                  | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability   |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene  | -                 | -          | Readily<br>Readily |

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                  | 3.16   | 7.4 to 18.5 | low       |
| n-butyl acetate         | 1.78   | -           | low       |
| ethyl acetate           | 0.73   | -           | low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.15   | 79.43       | low       |

| English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) | 10/13 |
|----------------------------------|-------|
|----------------------------------|-------|

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

<u>European waste catalogue (EWC)</u>

| Waste code | Waste designation   |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11*  | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances |

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 11/13

Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

JOHNSTONES PERFORMANCE Road Marking Paint

### 14. Transport information

|                                  | ADR/RID         | ADN             | IMDG            | IATA            |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number                   | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| 14.4 Packing group               | II              | II              | II              | II              |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards | No.             | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances      | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

**ADN** : None identified. **IMDG** : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** 

: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

**Other EU regulations** 

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: IIA/i. One-pack performance coatings. EU limit values: 500g/l (2010.)

This product contains a maximum of 500 g/l VOC.

15.2 Chemical Safety

**Assessment** 

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

English (GB) **United Kingdom (UK)** 12/13 Code : 00325105 Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 February 2014

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

(dermal)

H315 Causes skin irritation.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

(inhalation)

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Narcotic effects)

(Narcotic effects)

Full text of classifications

[CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R

phrases

R11- Highly flammable.

R10- Flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R36- Irritating to eyes. R38- Irritating to skin.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Full text of classifications** 

[DSD/DPD]

: F - Highly flammable

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

**History** 

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 12 February 2014

Date of previous issue : 12 February 2014

Prepared by : EHS Version : 4.01

**Disclaimer** 

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 13/13